

# Farm Automation and Cloud Integration by using SPROUT Framework

**Sujitha M<sup>1\*</sup>, Jinu P Sainudeen<sup>2</sup>, Nimmymol Manuel<sup>3</sup>, Neena Joseph<sup>4</sup>**

<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Mangalam College of Engineering, Kerala, India

*\*Corresponding Author: m.sujitha@mangalam.in, Tel.: +91 9567835272*

Available online at: [www.ijcseonline.org](http://www.ijcseonline.org)

Accepted: 17/Jan/2019, Published: 31/Jan/2019

**Abstract**-SPROUT is the coordinated framework which execute a few activity all the while to determine the issues of cultivating, which are bringing an enormous hardship now a days in the general public of ranchers. In India, farming assumes a significant part for advancement of food creation. Horticulture relies upon the rainstorm which isn't adequate wellspring of water. So the water system is utilized in horticulture field. In water system framework relies on the dirt sort, water accessibility, dampness content, and so forth. In this paper programmed water system framework which depends on IoT arrangement. The model shows the essential exchanging framework system of water engine utilizing sensors from any piece of field by detecting the dampness, water source, and so on. In present days particularly ranchers are dealing with serious issues in watering their agribusiness fields, this is on the grounds that they have no appropriate thought regarding when the power is free so they can siphon water. Indeed, even after then they need to hold on until the field is appropriately watered, which makes them to quit doing different exercises. Here is a thought which assists not just ranchers with evening for watering the nurseries likewise, which detects the dirt dampness and switches the siphon consequently why the power is 'ON'. Consistently a SMS warning is shipped off the rancher's versatile about the current state of the homestead. Current temperature, pH(potential of Hydrogen) level of the dirt and probability of downpour information can be gotten to the Web-interface

**Keywords**— IoT, Sprout, Agriculture, Automation

## I. INTRODUCTION

IoT is an incredible and wide idea advanced as of late with mechanical technology and today the web monsters like Google, Microsoft and so on emphatically backing and work for this new field. Man-made consciousness or computerizations are the honored gifts of this killing idea. Primary target of web of things is to associate web with our everyday utilizing things and to decrease human endeavors by the assistance of cloud and organizations.

The thought is to associate the horticulture area to the universe of web. India is a huge country with a much populace, over half of Indians are ranchers or relying upon horticultural areas and consistently we loses a great deal of ranchers on account of they tired of the field of cultivating and even they constrained to do suicides because of unexpected weather conditions changes and floods causes them a major misfortune.

The framework is absolutely eco-accommodating and delivers 0% waste. Alongside this it is associated with the Google climate API 's thus it will likewise take care about water utilization and can water the plants by downpour expectation, on the off chance that it is a blustery day it won't water the plants, and at whatever point the moistness or the water content of the dirt decreases it gives the enough measure of water, or even pH esteem or the

minerals of soil lessens it will illuminate the rancher or it is done consequently assuming the unrefined components are given. Before the weather conditions changes and weighty rains and floods, ranchers get ready and safety efforts.

SPROUT is the integrated system which execute several operation simultaneously to resolve the issues of farming, which are causing a huge trouble now a days in the society of farmers. In India, agriculture plays an important role for development of food production.

Agriculture depends on the monsoons which is not sufficient source of water. So the irrigation is used in agriculture field. In irrigation system depends upon the soil type, water availability, moisture content, etc. In this paper automatic irrigation system which is based on IoT setup. The model shows the basic switching system mechanism of water motor using sensors from any part of field by sensing the moisture, water source, etc.

In present days especially farmers are facing major problems in watering their agriculture fields, it's because they have no proper idea about when the power is available so that they can pump water. Even after then they need to wait until the field is properly watered, which makes them to stop doing other activities. Here is an idea which helps not only farmers even for watering the gardens also, which senses the soil moisture and switches the pump

automatically why the power is 'ON'. Every hour a SMS notification is sent to the farmer's mobile about the present condition of the farm. Current temperature, pH(potential of Hydrogen) level of the soil & possibility of rain data can be accessed the Web-interface.

IoT is a great and wide concept evolved in recent years with robotics and today the internet giants like Google, Microsoft etc strongly support and work for this new field. Artificial intelligence or automations are the blessed gifts of this killing concept. A web interface is existed so that the client can access it from any part of this world with only a net connected device. Cameras on the system allows them to watch their farm from anywhere and they get a live telecast on the site, it helps to observe and show their farm lands to others, or to the agriculture scientists without visiting it directly.

There is also a text messaging service, it informs the client about his farm and activities there with a time record. Along with this it is connected to the Google weather API 's and so it will also take care about water consumption and can water the plants by rain prediction, if it is a rainy day it will not water the plants, and whenever the humidity or the water content of the soil reduces it gives the enough amount of water, or even pH value or the minerals of soil reduces it will inform the farmer or it is done automatically if the raw materials are provided. Before the weather changes and heavy rains and floods, farmers get alert and security measures. Main objective of internet of things is to connect internet with our daily using things and to reduce human efforts by the help of cloud and networks.

The idea is to connect the agriculture sector to the world of internet. India is a large country with a much population, more than 50% of Indians are farmers or depending on agricultural sectors and every year we loses a lot of farmers because of they fed up with the field of farming and even they compelled to do suicides due to sudden weather changes and floods causes them a big loss. The system is totally eco-friendly and produces 0% waste.

## II. RELATED WORK

A programmed water system framework to give water to the farms based on water level conditions using an android application, WSN and GPRS modules. Strategies/factual Analysis: An algorithm is grown with the end goal that sensor values are constantly taken care of to ARDUINO microcontroller.

The sensor data is contrasted and the edge values also, in view of that, choice will be taken to water the crops[1]. In this undertaking an endeavor has been made to mechanize ranch or nursery water system that permits ranchers to apply the perfect proportion of water with flawless timing, no matter what the accessibility of work to turn valves on and off.

The proposed framework carried out GSM is utilized to report the point by point about water system [2]. For catching the pictures, the telephone camera is utilized and in the wake of handling the caught picture the PH worth of the not entirely set in stone and likewise yields or plants are proposed that can be filled in that field [3].

This automated irrigation project system project brings into play an Arduino board ATmega328 microcontroller, is customized to gather the info sign of inconsistent dampness conditions of the earth by means of dampness identifying framework planned to make a mechanized water system component which turns the siphoning engine ON and OFF on recognizing the dampness content of the earth [4].

These hubs send information remotely to a focal server, which gathers the information, stores it and will permit it to be examined then shown on a case by case basis and can likewise be shipped off the client mobile[5]. The farmers' can ready to screen the field conditions from anyplace. This framework will be more valuable in regions where water is in scarce[6].

Every sensor hub comprises of soil dampness and soil temperature sensor and one ZigBee RF radio wire gadget for correspondence with the facilitator hub. Raspberry Pi stores gathered information in the data set and investigates the put away data[7].

The system provides a web interface to the user so that the user can control and monitor the system remotely. Raspberry Pi is used as an embedded Linux board which is designed based on the ARM11 microcontroller architecture. Embedded Linux board makes the communication with all distributed sensor nodes placed in the farm through ZigBee protocol and itself act as a coordinated node in the wireless sensor network. The goal of coordinator node is to collect the parameters like soil moisture and soil temperature wirelessly. Each sensor node consists of soil moisture and soil temperature sensor and one ZigBee RF antenna device for communication with the coordinator node. Raspberry Pi stores collected data in the database and analyzes the stored data[8].

## III. METHODOLOGY

It has an exceptionally easy to understand interfaces, even the rancher can design each work from the framework through the voice orders in nearby language, through Google Voice and partner here to do this. A rancher may not be proficient generally so it permits them to speak with his neighborhood language by the PDA.

It has a very user friendly interfaces, even the farmer can configure every works from the system through the voice commands in local language, through Google Voice and assistant here to do this. A farmer may not be literate always so it allows them to communicate with his local language by the cell phone.

The sensors of the product always fetches information from the farms such as humidity, temperature, moisture, ph etc. and it is live in web as digital and analog values and even in statistical graphs/gauges, It helps agricultural scientists and those who want to take researches in farms. Its damn sure that this product will reduce the human efforts and makes farming with more fun.

The sensors of the item generally gets data from the homesteads, for example, dampness, temperature, dampness, ph and so forth and it is live in web as advanced and simple qualities and, surprisingly, in measurable diagrams/checks, It assists rural researchers and the individuals who with needing to take investigates in ranches.

Its damn certain that this item will diminish the human endeavors and makes cultivating with more fun. Since this framework can naturally sets the best circumstances for the momentum crop developed there by examining temperature, moistness, mistyre values, even he isn't to miss his dozes to water plants in evenings and keep ranch from birds, bats and animals, it can deliver ultrasonic sounds to obstruct them. With this item they can get their homestead and create a generally excellent gain than prior.

In this model, Automated Irrigation System in light of Raspberry pi and Arduino, utilizing remote detecting network which was created for further developing water system framework and decreased cost of water system water. Sensors are set in the arm and sense ceaselessly promotion gather the data. This data put away in the screen and furthermore passes to information assortment point of interaction and afterward communicates to remote sensor hub.

Utilizing this data framework was controlled automatically using internet In this paper, the principle sensors utilized are temperature sensor, dampness sensor, dampness sensor and likewise the ph level finder. The sensors relating that are put each by each recognizes the each elements like dampness, stickiness, temperature, and so on and those sensors makes the regarded engine to run which is driven by the engine driver. This paper comprise of four phases specifically sensor circuit, microcontroller circuit, engine driver circuit and information gathering circuit. Sensor circuit detects the state of the dirt and contrasts the voltage and the reference voltage.

On the off chance that the state of the dirt is not exactly the reference voltage, for example dry then the IC clock send the high signal (logic 1) to microcontroller. Whenever there is an adjustment of dampness level of the dirt of the sensor detects the change and gives the perusing to the microcontroller as intrude. Thus the controller gives the signal to the pump or sprinkler or motor to pump the water. The state of the engine and soil can be seen through our SPROUT Web-interface.

The main purpose of the moisture acoustic based technique is developed for measuring soil moisture in seek time method. The microcontroller programmed using Arduino and raspberry pi provides the required message need at each interval of time. Thus he can be useful in any kind of such situation arise in irrigation project.

Because this system can automatically sets the best conditions for the current crop cultivated there by analyzing temperature, humidity, mistyre values, even he is not to miss his sleeps to water plants in nights and prevent farm from birds, bats and creatures, it can produce ultrasonic sounds to block them.

With this product they can secure their farm and make a very good profit than earlier. The product aims both the agriculture experts as well as the common people

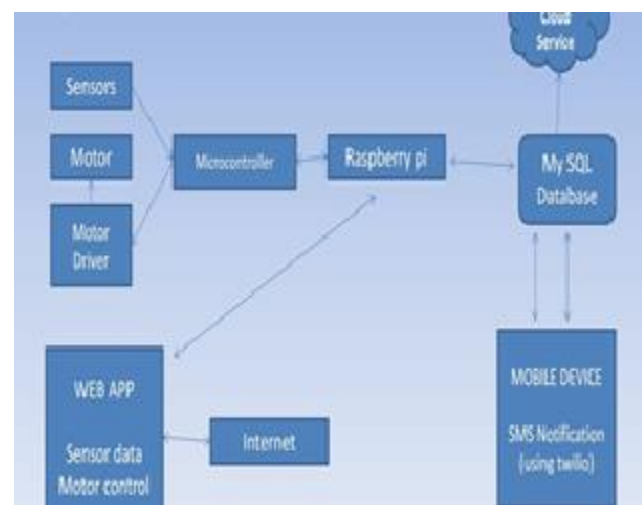


Figure 1. proposed Architecture

The figure 1 shows about the framework design of the general task. The engineering shows the module associations installed for the task.

Sensors are sophisticated devices that are frequently used to detect and respond to electrical or optical signals. A Sensor converts the physical parameter (for example: temperature, blood pressure, humidity, speed, etc.) into a signal which can be measured electrically.

A DC motor is any of a class of rotary electrical machines that converts direct current electrical energy into mechanical energy. The most common types rely on the forces produced by magnetic fields.

Nearly all types of DC motors have some internal mechanism, either electromechanical or electronic, to periodically change the direction of current flow in part of the motor Motor drives are circuits used to run a motor. In other words, they are commonly used for motor interfacing. These drive circuits can be easily interfaced with the motor and their selection depends upon the type of motor being used and their ratings (current, voltage).

A microcontroller is a compact integrated circuit designed to govern a specific operation in an embedded system. A typical microcontroller includes a processor, memory and input/output (I/O) peripherals on a single chip.

The Raspberry Pi is a low cost, credit-card sized computer that plugs into a computer monitor or TV, and uses a standard keyboard and mouse. It is a capable little device that enables people of all ages to explore computing, and to learn how to program in languages like Scratch and Python.

#### IV. RESULT ANALYSIS

##### Temperature Graph

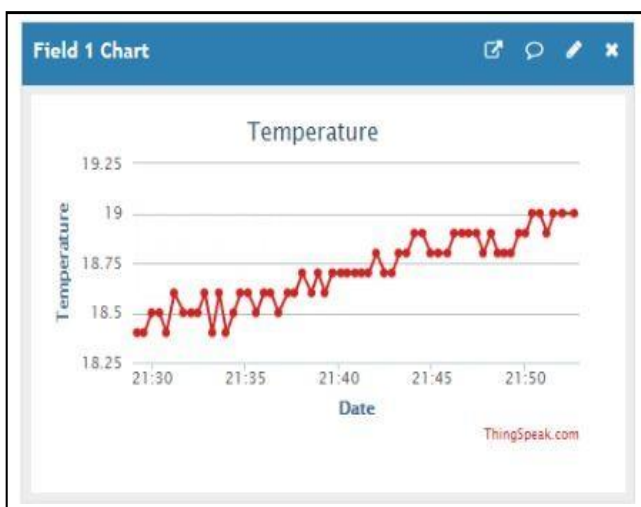


Figure 2 Output Reading

The temperature reading graph (Figure 2) gives the output reading of the corresponding changes obtained in the atmosphere.

##### Humidity Graph



Figure 3 output reading

The web connection point is the association between a client and programming running on a Web server. The UI

is the Web program and the Web page it downloaded and delivered. Here the humidity graph (Figure 3) represents the corresponding output readings when the sensor detects if there are changes Here in the connection point comprise of dashboard units to get the result readings of the units like temperature, dampness, moistness and the engine power. The Raspberry Pi is a minimal expense, Visa estimated PC that plugs into a PC screen or TV, and utilizations a standard console and mouse. A skilled little gadget empowers individuals, all things considered, to investigate processing, and to figure out how to program in dialects like Scratch and Python.

This paper consist of four stages namely sensor circuit, microcontroller circuit, motor driver circuit & data collecting circuit. Sensor circuit senses the condition of the soil and compares the voltage with the reference voltage. If the condition of the soil is less than the reference voltage, i.e. dry then the IC timer send the high signal(logic 1) to microcontroller. This will turn 'ON' the motor driver circuit.(I293d) which is connected and make motor pump to pump water to the required field. When the soil becomes wet i.e., greater than reference voltage(5v) the timer send logic '0' signal to microcontroller which will turn 'off' the motor driver circuit and stop pumping water to the field. Whenever there is a change in moisture level of the soil of the sensor senses the change and gives the reading to the microcontroller as interrupt.

#### V. CONCLUSION

The client can manage farm from mobile device and control the capacities with handheld gadget. The featured use of this task are for ranchers and landscapers who need more chance to water their Crops/plants. The gathered information can be subsequently utilized for reference when future yields are to be planted. By executing this thought, work on the method of agribusiness and water system framework in various area of India with negligible water utilization. Here is an idea which helps not only farmers even for watering the gardens also, which senses the soil moisture and switches the pump automatically why the power is 'ON'. Every hour a SMS notification is sent to the farmer's mobile about the present condition of the farm. Current temperature, pH(potential of Hydrogen) level of the soil & possibility of rain data can be accessed the Web-interface.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

None

#### REFERENCES

- [1] Dr. P. Bhanumathi, D. Saravanan, M. Sathyapriya ,V. Saranya "An Android Based Automatic Irrigation System Using Bayesian Network with SMS and Voice Alert" Vol. 2, Issue 2, pp.573-578,2017
- [2] Ms.P.Sindhuja,M.Prathusha,M.C.Kalaiselvi,S.Jaya udhaa, R.Velthai, "Solar Driven Arduino Based Automatic Irrigation System using GSM" Vol. 2,Issue 10,pp.175-183,2016

- [3] Sanjay Kumawat, Mayur Bhamare, Apurva Nagare , Ashwini Kapadnis”*Sensor Based Automatic Irrigation System and Soil pH Detection using Image Processing*”,Vol.4,Issue .4 ,pp.3673-3675,2017
- [4] R.Vagulabranan1, M.Karthikeyan,V. Sasikala ,”*Automatic Irrigation System on Sensing Soil Moisture Content*”,Vol. 3, Issue .3 ,pp.206-208,2016
- [5] Prof. Rashmi Jain, Shaunak Kulkarni, Ahtesham Shaikh, Akash Sood, “*Automatic Irrigation System Agriculture Field using Wireless Sensor Network (WSN)*”,Vol .3,Issue .4,pp. 1602-1605,2016
- [6] , Prof. S. Devi Mahalakshmi, Prof. P. Rajalakshmi,“*IOT based crop-field monitoring and irrigation automation*” In IEEE proceedings 10th International Conference on Intelligent Systems and Control (ISCO),**Coimabatore,2016**
- [7] H, Rajan G. Mavekari, Prashant A. Shinde,”*Web based automatic irrigation system using wireless sensor network and embedded Linux board. Pandurang* “.In IEEE International Conference on Circuits, Power and Computing Technologies [ICCPCT-2015], **Nagarcoil,2015**
- [8] Pandurang H, Rajan G. Mavekari, Prashant A. Shinde,” Web based automatic irrigation system using wireless sensor network and embedded Linux board”

## AUTHORS PROFILE

*Ms. Sujitha M* is working as Assistant Professor in the Department of Computer Science & Engineering of Mangalam College of Engineering ,Kerala ,India since 2009.She has taught both undergraduate and post graduate topics and guided several projects.

*Ms. Jinu P Sainudeen* is working as Assistant Professor in the Department of Computer Science & Engineering of Mangalam College of Engineering ,Kerala ,India since 2006. Her research interest include Artificial Intelligence ,Machine Laerning.

*Ms.Nimmymol Manuel* is working as Assistant Professor in the Department of Computer Science & Engineering of Mangalam College of Engineering ,Kerala ,India since 2008. She completed her B.Tech in Computer Science & Engineering in 2006 from Mahatma Gandhi University with First Class and M.Tech in Computer Science & Engineering from M.S University Tirunelveli in 2012. Her research interest include Wireless Sensor Netwok, Artificial Intelligence,Computer Architecture and IoT. She has taught both undergraduate and post graduate topics and guided several projects. She is a member of Computer Society of India..

*Ms.Neena Joseph* has completed her master’s degree in Computer Science & Engineering from Manonmaniam Sundaranar University and bachelor’s degree in Computer Science & Engineering from Mahatma Gandhi University. She has qualified UGC NET in Computer Science and Applications and has more than 10 years of under graduate teaching experience and 8 years of post-graduate teaching experience. She has to her credit several research papers, published in reputed National and International journals. She has presented many research papers in various conference of International repute. Her areas of interest include Theoretical Computer Science, Natural Language Processing and Compiler Optimization.